बाढ़ नियंत्रण संबंधी मास्टर प्लान

4391. **श्री ईशदत्त यादव:**
श्री आस मोहम्मद:

क्या जल संसाधन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या देश के विभिन्न नदी-थालों (बेसिनों) के लिए कोई बाढ़ नियंत्रण संबंधी मास्टर प्लान तैयार कर लिया गया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इसका ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं?

शहरी विकास मंत्रालय और जल संसाधन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी. के. थुंगन): (क) से (ग) वर्ष 1972 में गंगा बाढ़ नियंत्रण बोर्ड गठित किया गया था जिसका सचिवालय गंगा बाढ़ नियंत्रण आयोग है।

गंगा बाढ़ नियंत्रण आयोग ने गंगा की सभी 23 नदी प्रणालियों के बाढ़ प्रबंध के वास्ते व्यापक मास्टर योजनाएं तैयार की हैं। इसी प्रकार 1981 में गठित ब्रह्मपुत्र बोर्ड ने ब्रह्मपुत्र और बराक थालों के बाढ़ प्रबंध के लिए व्यापक मास्टर योजनाएं तैयार की हैं। ये मास्टर योजनाएं दीर्घावधिक और अल्पावधिक सिफारिशों के साथ राज्य सरकार को भेजी गई हैं कि वे भू-सर्वेक्षण, अन्वेषण करने के बाद विस्तृत योजनाएं तैयार करके उनका क्रियान्वयन करें।

International lending for Flood Control Projects

4392. SHRI JALALUDIN ANSARI:
SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA:

Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government are planning to put across certain potentially effective flood control projects to international lending institutions for financial assistance;

(b) if so, the detail thereof; and if not, the reasons therefor; and

(c) what steps Government propose to take with regard to formulation of an economically, socially and environmentally acceptable flood management strategy?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI P.K. THUNGON): (a) and (b) A proposal seeking external assistance for funding major flood management schemes in the flood prone States is under consideration of the Government. Specific schemes and the source of external assistance has not been identified.

(c) The investigations, planning and execution of flood control schemes are primarily the responsibilities of the State Governments. The Centre renders assistance in works that are technical, catalytical and promotional in nature. The Central Government has set up Ganga Flood Control Board with its Secretariat at Ganga Flood Control Commission in 1972 and Brahmaputra Board in 1981. The Ganga Flood Control Commission has prepared comprehensive master plans for flood management for all the 23 river systems of Ganga. Similarly, Brahmaputra Board has prepared comprehensive master plans for flood management in Brahmaputra and Barak basins. These master plans alongwith the long term and short term recommendations have been sent to State Governments for formulating details schemes after carrying out ground surveys, investigations and taking up their implementation.

Tribal Development programme in Gujarat

4393. SHRI GOPALSINH G. SOLANKI: Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the district-wise and tehsilwise number of schemes in Gujarat which are presently operated by Government in tribal areas under the tribal development programme and the details thereof;

(b) the amount allocated district-wise to Gujarat annually for these schemes and whether reasonable share of the said amount is disbursed to the tribals in reality;

(c) whether it is a fact that the tribals have to face many difficulties in obtaining Government's aid and they are harassed to a great extent by Government officials and the Government procedures;

(d) whether Government are taking any concrete measures to make them obtain the aid easily; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WELFARE (SHRI SITARAM KESRI): (a) and (b) This Ministry is releasing funds to the State Government under the following schemes for tribal development. However, these schemes are for the State as a whole and not district and tehsil-wise. The funds released in respect of these schemes during the last financial year to Government of Gujarat is as follows:—

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Scheme		1993-94
1.	Boys' Hostels for STs	39.23
2.	Girls Hostels for STs	19.51
3.	Ashram Schools for STs	—
4.	Vocational Training in Tribal Areas	3.46
5.	Special Central Assistance	2234.77
6.	Grant under Article 275(1) (first proviso)	668.25
7.	Research & Training	0.55
8.	Grant-in-Aid for State TDCC	—

The State Government always tries to ensure that funds reach the tribals.

(c) to (e) No, Sir. The tribals do not find difficulty in getting Government assistance and the State Government always takes care to avoid possibility of any difficulty.

Mandal Commission Reservations in Super Bazar

4394. SHRI GOPALSINH G. SOLANKI: Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the norms of Mandal Commission for reservation in service to backward and minority communities and most backward communities are being followed in Super Bazar;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor and whether Government propose to evolve schemes to implement the said norms in Super Bazar also?

THE MINISTER OF WELFARE (SHRI SITARAM KESRI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c) Orders regarding reservation of appointment in favour of the Other Backward Classes are applicable to the bodies which are covered unter the term ""State occuring in Article 12 of the Constitution. According to a ruling of the High Court of Delhi, in its judgement delivered on 18 February 1994 in Civil Writ Petition No. 554 of 1985, Nation Consumers' Co-operative Federation of India (of which the Super Bazar is a constituent) is not covered by the term ""State".

मध्य प्रदेश में अनुसूचित जातियों/अनुसूचित जनजातियों के बीचे निरक्षरता

4395. **श्री दिलीप सिंह जूदेव** : क्या कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार ने मध्य प्रदेश में अनुसूचित जातियों/अनुसूचित जनजातियों में निरक्षरता की प्रतिशतता का पता लगाने हेतु कोई सर्वेक्षण कराया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी जिला-वार ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण है; और

(घ) इस संबंध में क्या कदम उठाए गए है अथवा उठाए जाएंगे?

कल्याण मंत्री (श्री सीताराम केसरी): (क) अनुसूचित जातियों तथा अनुसूचित जनजातियों के बीच साक्षरता की प्रतिशतता का पता लगाने के लिए सरकार द्वारा कोई विशिष्ट सर्वेक्षण नहीं किया गया है। तथापि, दस वर्षों में एक बार आयोजित नियमित जनगणना के तहत साक्षरता पर आंकड़े एकत्र किए जाते हैं, पिछली जनगणना 1991 में की गई थी।

(ख) मध्य प्रदेश से संबंधित जिलेवार अनुसूचित जाति तथा जनजाति की साक्षरता दर विवरण में दी गई है (नीचे देखिए)।

(ग) और (घ) प्रश्न नहीं उठता।